# **NAG Library Routine Document**

# F08UFF (DPBSTF)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

#### 1 Purpose

F08UFF (DPBSTF) computes a split Cholesky factorization of a real symmetric positive definite band matrix.

# 2 Specification

SUBROUTINE FO8UFF (UPLO, N, KB, BB, LDBB, INFO) INTEGER N, KB, LDBB, INFO REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) BB(LDBB,\*) CHARACTER(1) UPLO

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *dpbstf*.

# **3** Description

F08UFF (DPBSTF) computes a split Cholesky factorization of a real symmetric positive definite band matrix *B*. It is designed to be used in conjunction with F08UEF (DSBGST).

The factorization has the form  $B = S^{T}S$ , where S is a band matrix of the same bandwidth as B and the following structure: S is upper triangular in the first (n + k)/2 rows, and transposed — hence, lower triangular — in the remaining rows. For example, if n = 9 and k = 2, then

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} s_{11} & s_{12} & s_{13} & & & & \\ & s_{22} & s_{23} & s_{24} & & & & \\ & & s_{33} & s_{34} & s_{35} & & & & \\ & & & s_{44} & s_{45} & & & & \\ & & & s_{55} & & & & \\ & & & s_{64} & s_{65} & s_{66} & & & \\ & & & & s_{75} & s_{76} & s_{77} & & \\ & & & & & s_{86} & s_{87} & s_{88} & \\ & & & & & & s_{97} & s_{98} & s_{99} \end{pmatrix}.$$

#### 4 References

None.

#### 5 Arguments

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1)

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of B is stored.

UPLO = 'U'The upper triangular part of B is stored.

UPLO = 'L'

The lower triangular part of B is stored.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

Input

### 2: N - INTEGER Input On entry: n, the order of the matrix B. *Constraint*: N > 0. KB – INTEGER 3: Input On entry: if UPLO = 'U', the number of superdiagonals, $k_b$ , of the matrix B. If UPLO = 'L', the number of subdiagonals, $k_b$ , of the matrix B. *Constraint*: $KB \ge 0$ . BB(LDBB, \*) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array Input/Output 4: Note: the second dimension of the array BB must be at least max(1, N). On entry: the n by n symmetric positive definite band matrix B. The matrix is stored in rows 1 to $k_b + 1$ , more precisely, if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of B within the band must be stored with element $B_{ij}$ in $BB(k_b + 1 + i - j, j)$ for $max(1, j - k_b) \le i \le j$ ; if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of B within the band must be stored with element $B_{ij}$ in BB(1 + i - j, j) for $j \le i \le \min(n, j + k_b)$ . On exit: B is overwritten by the elements of its split Cholesky factor S. LDBB – INTEGER 5: Input On entry: the first dimension of the array BB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UFF (DPBSTF) is called. *Constraint*: LDBB $\geq$ KB + 1.

#### 6: INFO – INTEGER

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

### 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

#### INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument *i* had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, the factorization could not be completed, because the updated element b(i, i) would be the square root of a negative number. Hence B is not positive definite. This may indicate an error in forming the matrix B.

### 7 Accuracy

The computed factor S is the exact factor of a perturbed matrix (B+E), where

$$|E| \le c(k+1)\epsilon |S^{\mathsf{T}}||S|,$$

c(k+1) is a modest linear function of k+1, and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*. It follows that  $|e_{ij}| \leq c(k+1)\epsilon \sqrt{(b_{ii}b_{jj})}$ .

Output

# 8 Parallelism and Performance

F08UFF (DPBSTF) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

# 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately  $n(k+1)^2$ , assuming  $n \gg k$ .

A call to F08UFF (DPBSTF) may be followed by a call to F08UEF (DSBGST) to solve the generalized eigenproblem  $Az = \lambda Bz$ , where A and B are banded and B is positive definite.

The complex analogue of this routine is F08UTF (ZPBSTF).

# 10 Example

See Section 10 in F08UEF (DSBGST).